

In the Specification:

Please amend paragraph [0017] as follows:

A1 [0010] Figure 4A& 4B are light intensity and light area distribution diagrams, respectively, of a 35 mm film light distribution at the image plane at the image plane; and

Please amend paragraph [0020] as follows:

A2 [0020] Figure 2 shows a device in accordance with the invention for large screen projection and a projection lamp for the lamp housing of a large screen projector in cross section. The entire device shown, which is also called a "lamp housing" among specialists, contains essentially a projection lamp 100, an image projection plane 3 and an objective lens 5, the projection lamp 100 directing a cone 7 of light through the image projection plane 3 and through the objective lens 5. The projection lamp 100 contains two light sources 2, 4, such as commercially produced high pressure xenon lamps. In these lamps, the light is produced by an arc which is formed in a glass bulb 23, 25 which is filled with xenon gas at a relatively high pressure of more than 100 kPa. A respective reflector 20, 22 is assigned to each of the light sources 2, 4 and they differ from the reflectors of commercial projection lamps in that the edge areas 26, 28 of these reflectors are each shortened on the side facing one another and these shortened sections are connected to one another. The two light sources 2, 4 with their reflectors 20, 22 are positioned relative to one another such that the optical axes 16, 18 of the two reflectors 20, 22 include an angle α of roughly 18° .

Please amend paragraph [0022] as follows:

A3 [0022] As is apparent from the sectional view in Figure 2, the two partial cones 10, 12 of light are so close to one another that the envelopes of 6, 8 of those partial cones 10, 12 of light which are produced by the light sources 2, 4 and which feed the (main) cone 7 of light have a common envelope line 14 in the middle between the two partial cones 10, 12 of light. This common envelope line 14 also defines a plane 24 of section of the two reflectors 20, 22 on which the reflectors 20, 22 pass into one another in the center. This was achieved in this embodiment by the edge areas 26, 28 of the reflectors 20, 22 which contribute nothing to the useful partial cones 10, 12 of light each being shortened on that plane of section 24, therefore on the sides facing one another, and the shortened sections being joined to one another.